# CYBER SAFETY GUIDE FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS

**Purpose:** Provide law enforcement officials with practical guidance to identify areas of unauthorized entry, implement remedies, and maintain a safe online presence for professional and personal use.

# QUICK WINS (FIRST 24-48 HOURS)

- Enable phishing-resistant MFA (FIDO2 security keys or platform passkeys) on email, case systems, cloud services, and social media.
- Move to a password manager and rotate any reused or weak passwords; activate breach alerts.
- Lock down social profiles: set profiles to private, remove work identifiers, and restrict friend lists.
- Opt out from major data brokers (people-search sites) and remove home address/phone exposure.
- Update devices and browsers; enable auto-updates and full-disk encryption on all endpoints (desktop, mobile, tablets).
- Turn on device-level protections: screen lock, biometric auth, and remote wipe for all devices.

## COMMON AREAS OF UNAUTHORIZED ENTRY

Entry Vector	How It Happens	Indicators of Compromise	Immediate Actions
Phishing & Business Email Compromise	Fake login pages, urgent requests, spoofed colleagues/ domains	Unrecognized logins, rules auto-forwarding email, unusual OAuth consents	Change password, revoke OAuth tokens, enable FIDO2 MFA, run inbox rule audit
Password Reuse & Weak Credentials	Leaked credentials reused across systems	Breach alerts, login attempts from new locations	Rotate to unique passwords via manager; enable passkeys; enforce length (16+)

Entry Vector	How It Happens	Indicators of Compromise	Immediate Actions
MFA Fatigue & Prompt Bombing	Repeated push notifications leading to accidental approval	Multiple unsolicited MFA prompts	Switch to number- matching or FIDO2 keys; reset sessions; review devices
SIM Swap & Voice Phishing	Carrier social engineering to take over SMS-based MFA	Cell service drops; new device on account	Add carrier PIN/port-out lock; move off SMS to FIDO2/app-based MFA
Malware/RAT via Attachments	Malicious docs, USBs, or drive-by downloads	Unusual CPU/network, new processes, disabled AV	Isolate device, run EDR scan, reimage if needed, change credentials
Unsecured Home/ Field Wi-Fi	Open or weakly secured networks; rogue APs (Evil Twin)	Captive portal oddities, TLS warnings	Use WPA3 at home; use cellular hotspot/VPN; verify SSIDs
Exposed PII & Doxxing	Data brokers, court filings, social posts reveal identity/ location	Search results show home/work links	Opt-outs, PO boxes, remove metadata, request redactions where lawful
Shadow/Personal Accounts Tied to Work	Personal email/social used for work comms	Work info found on personal accounts	Separate identities; remove work links; enable strict privacy settings
Compromised Case/LE-Only Portals	Credential stuffing, legacy MFA, shared accounts	Access logs anomalies, alerts from admins	Force reset, add FIDO2, remove shared creds, audit access

# REMEDIES AND HARDENING MEASURES

# Identity & Access

- Adopt passkeys or FIDO2 security keys for primary MFA; avoid SMS.
- Use a vetted password manager; enforce 16+ characters, unique per site.
- Enable login alerts and session review for email, cloud suites, and case tools.
- Create separate identities: *work*, *personal*, and (if applicable) *undercover* with strict separation.

# Device Security

• Turn on full-disk encryption (BitLocker/FileVault/Android/iOS native).

- Keep OS/firmware/browsers up to date; enable automatic updates.
- Install reputable EDR/AV; enable real-time scanning and tamper protection.
- Configure screen lock at 5 minutes or less; require biometric/PIN.
- Enable remote find/lock/wipe; inventory all devices.

#### Network & Browser

- Use WPA3 at home; change default router credentials; disable WPS; update firmware.
- Prefer cellular hotspot over unknown Wi-Fi; if Wi-Fi is required, use a trusted VPN.
- Set DNS to a security-filtering resolver; enable DNS-over-HTTPS.
- Harden browsers: disable third-party cookies, use privacy extensions, isolate work/personal profiles.

### Data Minimization & PII Protection

- Replace home address with PO Box or department mail where policy permits.
- Opt out from major data brokers; schedule quarterly re-checks.
- Sanitize documents/photos: remove EXIF and document metadata before sharing.

#### Communications

- Use end-to-end encrypted messaging for sensitive comms where policy allows.
- Verify out-of-band before sharing sensitive info or authorizing actions (call-back controls).
- Avoid mixing undercover or operational details on personal channels.

## Account Recovery & Backups

- Set recovery emails/phones that are not easily discoverable; use appbased codes/keys.
- Store recovery codes in the password manager or secure physical storage.
- Back up critical data using encrypted backups; test restorations.

## MAINTAINING A SAFE ONLINE PRESENCE

#### Profile Hygiene

- Remove employer, rank, unit, badge numbers, and shift details from public profiles.
- Limit audience for posts; disable public friend lists and birthday visibility.

 Scrub old posts and photos that show home, vehicles, children's schools, or routines.

#### Search Yourself

- Quarterly self-audit: search engines, image search, and map listings for your name, aliases, and home address.
- Create Google Alerts for your name, handle, and doxxing terms.

# Family & Household

- Brief family on phishing, privacy settings, and not sharing your work affiliation.
- Use separate guest Wi-Fi for visitors and IoT devices; change default passwords.

# Marketplace & Forums

- Avoid buying/selling with traceable home addresses; use parcel lockers or PO Boxes.
- Do not share badges/credentials in photos; cover unique identifiers.

# OPERATIONAL SECURITY (OPSEC) CONSIDERATIONS

- Segment identities: separate browsers/profiles and devices when feasible.
- Avoid location-sharing in apps; disable geotagging and background location.
- Use burner/contact-only numbers for public interactions; enable carrier port locks.
- Delay posting until after leaving locations; use generic backgrounds.
- When conducting online research, use agency-approved investigation environments and policies.

# INCIDENT RESPONSE: IF YOU SUSPECT COMPROMISE

- 1. **Contain**: Disconnect network, enable airplane mode (keep on if EDR needs connectivity per policy), isolate affected accounts.
- 2. **Preserve**: Do not wipe unless directed; capture timestamps, screenshots, and log IDs.
- 3. **Report**: Notify agency IT/security; follow chain of command and evidence handling procedures.
- 4. **Eradicate**: Password resets, revoke sessions/tokens, remove malicious apps/ extensions.
- 5. **Recover**: Patch, reimage if needed, restore from clean backups, re-enroll MFA.

6. **Post-Incident**: Review root cause, update controls, brief team.

# DATA BROKER OPT-OUTS (CORE LIST)

Schedule time (initial sweep then quarterly). Use a PO Box where allowed and a dedicated email for removals.

- Major brokers: Spokeo, Whitepages, Intelius, BeenVerified, PeopleFinders, Radaris, TruthFinder, MyLife, FastPeopleSearch, FamilyTreeNow.
- Process: Search your name → submit opt-out → verify email → track status in a spreadsheet → re-check quarterly.

#### TRAVEL & FIELD WORK

- Use a travel profile/device with limited data; assume border/device searches are possible.
- Disable auto-join Wi-Fi and Bluetooth discovery; prefer tethering.
- Carry a hardware security key; keep a spare separately.
- Use privacy screen filters; store devices in RF-shielded pouches when appropriate.

#### AGENCY-LEVEL RECOMMENDATIONS

- Mandate phishing-resistant MFA and password manager adoption.
- Provide data broker removal assistance and privacy training for staff.
- Deploy EDR, DNS filtering, mobile device management, and OS patch SLAs.
- Establish clear social media and doxxing response policies.
- Log and monitor: centralize logs, enable geo-velocity and impossible-travel alerts.
- Access governance: least privilege, quarterly access reviews, eliminate shared accounts.

#### 30/60/90-DAY PERSONAL HARDENING PLAN

- **Day 0–30**: Enable FIDO2/passkeys; password manager migration; lock down social media; initial data broker opt-outs; encrypt all devices; update routers.
- **Day 31–60**: Network segmentation (guest/IoT); browser hardening; set up alerts; inventory all accounts/devices; implement secure backups.
- **Day 61–90**: Review recovery info; test incident response playbook; advanced privacy (credit freeze, PO Box, alias emails); quarterly re-audit.

#### CHECKLIST: WEEKLY/MONTHLY

- **Weekly**: Review login alerts; patch devices; scan with EDR; check social tagged photos.
- **Monthly**: Rotate critical passwords; audit browser extensions; verify backups; re-scan data brokers.
- **Quarterly**: Full digital footprint sweep; access reviews; emergency contact updates.

## **RESOURCES**

- FIDO Alliance: Passkeys and security keys overview
- US-CERT/StopThinkConnect: Safe browsing and phishing guidance
- Agency IT/Security policies: Follow local directives for tooling and incident handling

*Disclaimer:* Follow your agency's policies and legal requirements. This guide provides general practices and is not a substitute for official procedures.

David Keith Jr "mrdj" 🗸